



The 40-10

THE PRINCE OF WALES'S LEINSTER REGIMENT ASSOCIATION

The Journal of The Prince of Wales's
Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians)
Association

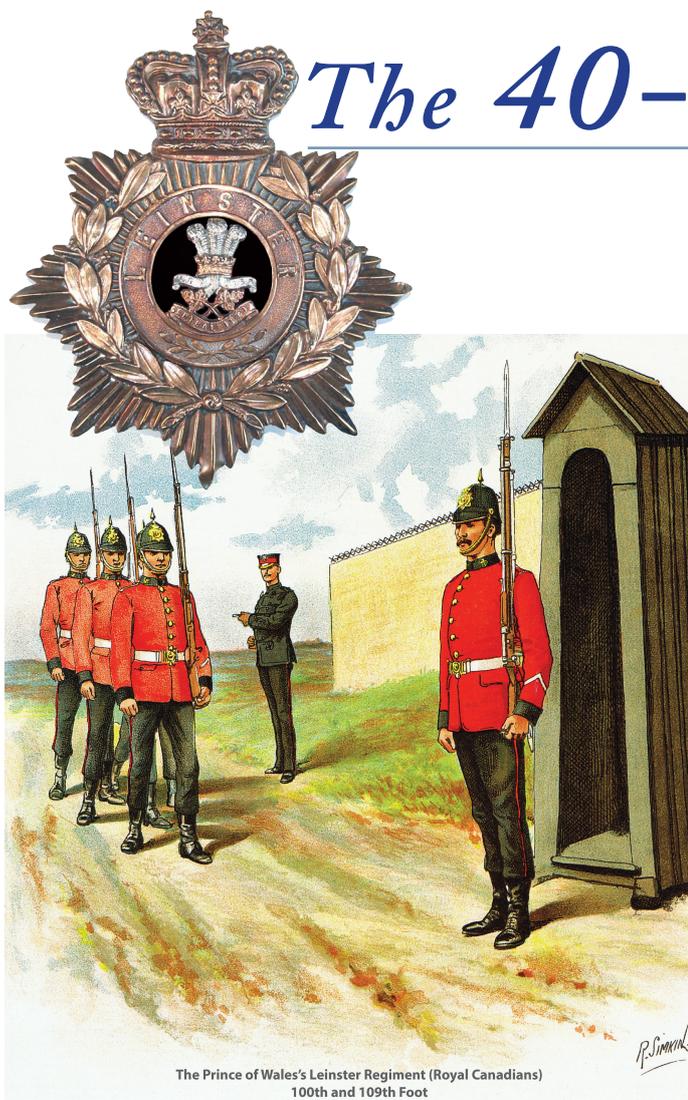
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The Prince of Wales's Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians)
100th and 109th Foot

Welcome to this edition of *The 40-10*. Keen-eyed readers will notice a subtle change to this edition as we continue to introduce enhancements. Following the introduction of the helmet plate in the 2011 edition we have now updated our title to *The 40-10* (as distinct from *The 40/10*) to reflect the manner in which soldiers of the regiment originally scrawled the unofficial symbol to denote their presence.

The Association has a new Chairman elected at the AGM in London during April, when it was also announced that the Association's subscription fee would increase - read about these changes on pages 3 and 20.

Planning is underway for the Association to commemorate several anniversaries associated with the Great War - we provide an update on known plans on page 14.

We have the latest news from the Association in Ireland and a new memorial to the regiment plus news from our friends in Ledegem.

Looking to the future *The 40-10* would like to publish examples of how members have been involved in other ceremonies and initiatives to commemorate the Great War and other events such as Ireland's progression toward independence.

Perhaps you are involved in a local initiative to remember how your local community was affected or you have a story about an ancestor soldier. Then why not try your hand at writing and submitting your story? We will be happy to take a look at what you can produce and help you if necessary; old photographs or scans of documents are particularly welcome within a story. Just drop me a note at the address for the editor on the back page - an e-mail is fine to get the ball rolling.

We kick off this edition with a short article about the cover illustration and we close with our now regular photo gallery.

Enjoy the read!

Don

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Front cover image

The illustration is reproduced from a print published as No 104 in a series of Supplements to the *Army & Navy Gazette*, in this case the issue of 1st August 1896. It shows the reliefs for the sentries being marched round (by an almost unseen Corporal located beside the rear man) and approaching a sentry. The location looks as though it is heath and the wall is not necessarily Crinkill Barracks - but perhaps it was.

The men are wearing the so-called “frock” or scarlet jacket used for training and everyday wear: it differs from the scarlet full dress tunic which was embellished with white edging down the front and around the collar. On their heads is the Helmet Home Service Blue Cloth with brass fittings and the large brass, crowned, plate on the front. This displayed in the centre the badge and titles of The Leinster Regiment. The men are carrying the Lee-Metford Magazine Rifle which was the first .303 weapon. It was bolt action and featured a magazine with, at first eight and later, ten rounds. Although the rifle sling was fitted to an awkwardly placed swivel forward of the magazine, the rifle was welcomed as a vast improvement on the old single-shot Martini-Henry.

The Lee-Metford was superseded, following trials after the Anglo-Boer War of 1899-1902, by the Short Magazine Lee Enfield Rifle, also .303 calibre, which was the infantry soldier’s rifle of the Great War.

The officer watching proceedings is wearing the undress cap of the Regiment with the large Regimental badge on the front. His coat is the infantry officer’s pattern of frock which at that time was of blue cloth and quite elaborately embellished with black mohair braid. If he was required to carry a sword, the belt was worn under the jacket. This dress was changed by degrees until in the early 20th century khaki was introduced for all purposes except formal parades for which scarlet full dress continued until the outbreak of war in 1914.

About the artist
The illustration was originally drawn by Richard

Simkin (1850–1926), a British artist and illustrator of military uniforms.

A native of Herne Bay, Kent, after marrying his wife Harriet, (1880) Simkin spent much of his time at Aldershot, Hampshire. He was employed by the War Office to design recruiting posters, and to illustrate the *Army and Navy Gazette*. During his lifetime, he produced thousands of water colors depicting the uniforms and campaigns of the British Army. Simkin also contributed illustrations to numerous publications including the *Boy’s Own Magazine*, *The Graphic* and others; many were published by Raphael Tuck and sons.

Richard Simkin died at his home at 7 Cavendish Street, Herne Bay on June 25, 1926, survived by his wife and two daughters. Today, his pictures can be seen in numerous regimental museums and his illustrations often appear in regimental histories, while his watercolors frequently come up for auction.

I am grateful to Colonel Peter Walton for the description of the illustration included within this article. The source for information about the artist is www.directart.co.uk



The Association’s New Chairman

With the retirement of Mr. Don Dickson as Chairman of the Association, members present at the Annual General Meeting



elected Colonel Peter Walton as the Association’s new Chairman.

Peter is also a member of the Honourable Artillery Company (1 Company 1957); is Vice-President of the Corps of Drums Society and Vice-President of the Victorian Military Society.

Amongst his other memberships are the Museums Association, the British Association of Friends of Museums and the Armed Forces Art Society.

Colonel Walton is also a Trustee of the Tenterden and District Day Care Centre.

Colonel Walton’s military career as an Army officer included twelve appointments covering command, logistic, staff and instructional posts, including active service in Cyprus, Aden, Borneo and Oman, in addition to tours in Singapore, Germany, Africa and the UK. His last appointment was Commanding Officer of 2nd Ordnance Battalion, 2nd Infantry Division, BAOR. ■

New Chairman elected at the AGM

The Association AGM took place at the Civil Service Club in London on 13 April 2013 with twenty-one members attending. Members can download a copy of the minutes of the AGM from the Association's website at www.leinster-regiment-association.org and clicking the Meetings tab. If you do not have convenient internet access, a brief summary of the highlights of the meeting follows.

The annual accounts were presented by Mr. Lowe who confirmed that the Association is in reasonable financial shape though the changes to the format of the Association's journal, *The 40-10*, with its move to colour, and the annual increase in postage costs were imposing some strain. Income is entirely dependent upon members' subscriptions and voluntary donations; Mr. Lowe expressed his appreciation for the support provided by Mrs. Mary Sanders in Ireland and Mrs. Sheila Dickson in the UK for their administration of subscriptions.

The outgoing Chairman, Mr. Don Dickson, presented his view of the success of the past ten years of the Association, during seven years of which it had been his privilege to serve as Chairman. Mr. Dickson then explained that with the Association moving into what will be a new demanding era of centennial commemorations associated with remembrance of the Great War and Ireland's progress toward independence, he was not in a position health-wise to be able to devote the necessary time to supporting many forthcoming important events in the UK, Ireland and in mainland Europe. Mr. Dickson advised that he would not be seeking re-election as Chairman and thanked everyone for their support.

The Association President, Major General The O'Morchoe, temporarily took the chair to supervise the election of officers in accordance with the Association's Constitution. As outgoing Chairman, Mr. Dickson nominated the Vice-Chairman, Colonel Peter Walton, for the post of Chairman; this was seconded by Mr. J Walsh and was unanimously supported by a show of hands. The Honorary Treasurer had also completed his two years; Mr. Ian Lowe expressed his willingness to continue in this post. With Mr. David George proposing that Mr. Lowe be re-elected and Mr. P Murphy seconding, the proposal was unanimously supported by a show of hands.

Returning to the question of the members' annual subscription rate, an advisory document had been circulated with the 2012 winter edition of *The 40-10* laying out reasons why the subscription rate needed to be revisited and suggesting several alternative scenarios

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for an increase in the rate. With Colonel Walton now as Chairman, a full discussion ensued with the Editor of *The 40-10* explaining that the feedback received from members concerning the last edition, and its move to colour, had been very positive. After much debate, members present unanimously supported the view that the Association should not move to an electronic digital edition for download to the exclusion of a paper edition, but should continue to publish paper-based editions. The Honorary Secretary, Mr. David Ball, remarked that the views of members present were broadly in line with the correspondence he had received on the matter from members who had been unable to attend the AGM.

A proposal was then tabled by Mr. E Heardman that there be two levels of annual subscription rate in order to accommodate the postage cost of non-UK distribution. Mr. Heardman proposed a rate of £20 for members resident within the UK and €25 for members resident elsewhere. This was seconded by Mr. Barry Nugent and the meeting passed the proposal on a show of hands.

It is with pleasure that I am able to draw this short report of the AGM to a close with the announcement that, in recognition of many years of active support for the Association, it was proposed by the Committee that Mr. Sean Cooke, of Crinkill, Birr, Co. Offaly be elected Honorary Member and this received the unanimous approval of the AGM. I am confident that this award will prove to be very popular because there cannot be many members who have visited Birr who have not received a hospitable welcome from Sean.

Following the proceedings of the AGM, Lieutenant Colonel Weekes introduced Lieutenant Colonel M H de W Weldon who gave a forty-five minute talk about his grandfather, Lieutenant Colonel H W Weldon DSO, who had commanded the 2nd Battalion The Leinster Regiment from January 1918 until March 1920. Mark Weldon had at his disposal a cornucopia of photographs (presented as PowerPoint slides) of his grandfather's wide-ranging career in the British Army and members in the audience where both entertained and informed about the various aspects of Henry Weldon's life.



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News from Ireland

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The 2013 Dublin Ordinary General Meeting of the Association took place on 13 July at the Irish United Nations Veterans Association, Arbour Hill and was attended by the Association's new Chairman, Colonel Peter Walton.

Colonel Walton was no stranger to the Dublin meeting; he had chaired the meeting in 2010. He indicated that the time was now right to consider how the Committee of the Association could best serve the members in Ireland.

In a general discussion prompted by Commandant McGoona – with contributions from Mr Brendan Lynch and others – the question of titles and roles of members resident in Ireland who were providing direct support to the Committee was raised. The Chairman recognised the need for clarification but added that, in his view, there was no purpose to appointments for which the Association's Constitution did not allot responsibilities. The Chairman explained that while there was an informal group that met at the invitation of (and was led by) the Association's President and which focused on opportunities that were chiefly matters for Ireland, this group – though supported by the Committee – had no permanent role or existence. Colonel Walton concluded the discussion with a commitment that he would distribute a discussion paper with proposals for the future that he anticipated would respond to the opinions expressed during the meeting.

The Chairman then gave members the most up-to-date status on the "Memorial to All Ranks of the Regiment" which was expected to be placed by the gateway to Crinkill Barracks in September 2013. It was pleasing that after such a long period of uncertainty the announcement of the completion date could now be made. Over the

years this project had been the subject of much work by local members and more recently Brendan Lynch and his daughter Jackie provided valuable support by promoting the interests of the Association locally and by steering applications for funding through the appropriate channels. Also it had been necessary to address the consideration of designs and the security of the structure once in place. All this had now been resolved as well as the provision of funds, the bulk of which would be coming from the Offaly Local Development Company; the balance – in the region of £2,700 – still has to be found by the Association. The Committee was of the opinion that this sum could not simply be expended from Association funds, especially as there were additional costs to be met that are associated with the actual weekend ceremony – consequently a decision had been taken for an appeal to members across the Association, and to the general public to raise €6,000. Should the requisite sum not be raised in its entirety, then the difference would be made up from Association funds. This appeal would be launched shortly. The Chairman said that subscribers will be asked to contribute Euros 20 (£15) each or more if they wish.

A full report of the meeting can be downloaded as a PDF from the Meetings tab on the Association's website.



Latest news from Birr!

Just as we were going to press, we received this latest update from Ian Lowe in connection with the proposed weekend of 20/21 September 2013 that will commemorate a civic friendship between Birr and Ledegem and the unveiling of the memorial to The Leinster Regiment.

Briefly the weekend starts on the Friday afternoon and lasts throughout Saturday. There will be a Civic Reception for the Ledegem delegation and a lecture by Kevin Myers in St Brendan's C of I Church. This will be followed by a Leinster Regiment Association reception in Dooly's Hotel. Members wishing to attend the reception should budget for €25 per person.

On Saturday 21 September a parade will assemble at Crinkill Military Cemetery under the direction of the IUNVA National Marshal. The ceremony will incorporate an ecumenical service. Minister J Deenihan TD Minister for Arts, Heritage and the Gaeltacht has been invited to unveil the memorial.

After the ceremony light refreshments will be available in The Thatch pub/restaurant in Crinkill - it will be necessary to pre-purchase a ticket for the reception, cost and detail will be e-mailed to members in due course. ■



Sean Cooke breaks the ground for the new memorial

The Irish infantry grove at the National Arboretum in England

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The Irish Infantry Grove at the National Arboretum - what of its future?



Aerial view of the National Arboretum with the Irish grove marked in red



The Irish grove with the Mourne granite memorial in the centre

Photo Mark Dickson

In 2000 the Irish Infantry Grove was opened at the National Memorial Arboretum in Lichfield, England; it was one of the first memorial groves to be opened in what has become the United Kingdom's official Armed Forces Memorial. The site consists of a small plot of land of approximately half an acre in size surrounded by a Blackthorn hedge, with a black Mourne granite memorial in the centre of it. On the memorial are engraved the titles of twelve Irish infantry regiments; the eight regiments of the line that existed in 1922 plus the London Irish Rifles and the three post-1922 regiments: The Royal Irish Rangers, The Ulster Defence Regiment and The Royal Irish Regiment (the 1992 amalgamation of The Royal Irish Rangers and The Ulster Defence Regiment). Around the plot there is an informal planting of trees and shrubs, all of which are of Irish origin. Of note in the planting is an Irish Oak transplanted from Tollymore Forest in Northern Ireland, one of the few trees in the grove that thrives.

Over time, what was envisaged at the outset as a simple but significant place for reflection on Irish service in the British Army has been overwhelmed by imaginative and spectacular architectural and monumental art in surrounding groves. By

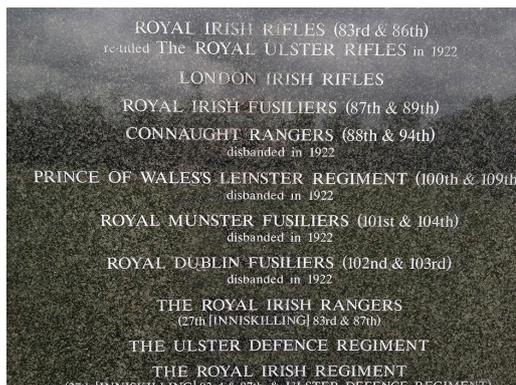
comparison with others, the Irish Infantry Grove is now considered by many to be an unremarkable enclosure with little in it to properly mark the extraordinary contribution of Irish men and women to Britain's military success over the centuries. According to Major (Retired) Colin Gray (the Regimental Secretary of The Royal Irish Regiment), the Irish Infantry Grove seems to be deliberately excluded from guided tours of the Arboretum, unless the curatorial staff receive a specific request.

Details of an initiative led by The Royal Irish Regiment have recently been circulated to all Regimental Associations and



The Mourne granite memorial

Photo Mark Dickson



Section of the granite memorial Photo Mark Dickson

other supporters of the Irish infantry regiments suggesting substantial redevelopment of the Irish Infantry Grove. Once wider views have been gathered, it is contemplated that the initiative should progress to fund raising and the completion of the work at an estimated cost of approximately £50,000.

The view of the Committee of The Leinster Regiment

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Association is to broadly support the initiative whilst being cognisant that our immediate primary focus will be our own appeal to help fund the "Memorial to All Ranks of the Regiment" which is to be created and placed by the gateway to Crinkill Barracks in Birr (News from Ireland).

Members may download a copy of the Irish Infantry Grove proposal, including a drawing of the proposed redevelopment, from the Association's website. The Committee is yet to consider the full implication of any formal request for funds to support the appeal.



Artist impression of a proposal for the renovation of the Irish infantry grove. A larger illustration with more detail is available for download from the Association website. Image courtesy of The Royal Irish Regiment.



Dear Don

I greatly enjoyed your article on Corporal William Corcoran and was interested to learn that he was killed with his Commanding Officer Lt. Col. Murphy.

My late grandfather Major (then Captain) Edmund Hall was a Company Commander in the 2nd Battalion and wrote this of Col. Murphy's funeral

"Lt. Col. AD Murphy DSO MC was killed by a stray shell which penetrated Battalion HQ at Hargicourt Quarries on 6th November 1917 whilst he was on rest from the front line.



Aged only 27 years we laid him to rest in Roisel Military Cemetery, The Somme. I was one of the four Company Commanders who acted as pall bearers, we cried in our grief. Some of the Colonel's blood came onto my hands, I could not cleanse them for a long time after until the blood had worn off.

So highly was this great man esteemed by the Commanders of the British Army in France that the Generals of the Corps, Division and Brigade were also present at the grave side.

It was said of him 'The men will follow Murphy anywhere'. His Mother in Cashel, Ireland sent each of the pall bearers a photograph of her dear Son. We who knew him adored him, a great Leinster, a fine Catholic, Fearless, Mr Murphy, The Colonel"

I attach a copy of the photograph referred to and a photo of Col. Murphy's grave.

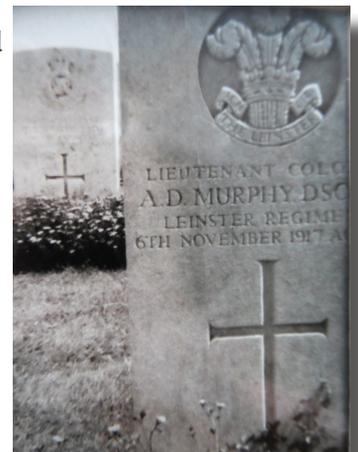
I hope this may be of interest

Regards

Chris Armstrong



Lt. Col. AD Murphy DSO MC



The headstone of Lt. Col. Murphy in the Roisel Communal Cemetery Extension in Roisel, France.

Chris,

Many thanks for this insight provided by your grandfather. It fits well with the description of Lieutenant-Colonel A D Murphy provided on pages 373-374 of Part II of the Regimental History.

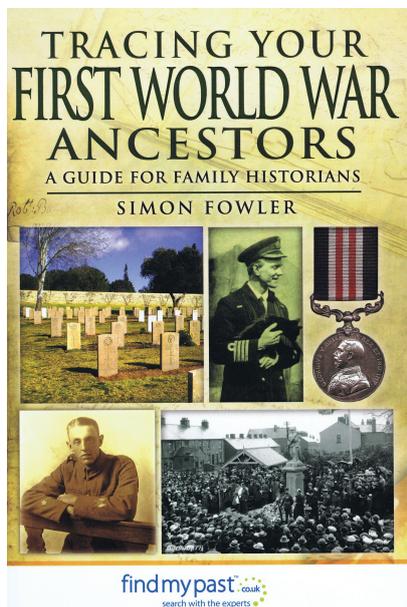
Note: Members planning to visit the Somme battlefields will find the cemetery on the east side of the road to Villers-Faucon.

Roisel is some 11 kilometers east of Peronne. There are eleven Leinster soldiers buried or commemorated in the cemetery including six who died on the 6 November 1917



Book Review

Tracing your First World War Ancestors: A guide for Family Historians; Simon Fowler, Pen and Sword, in association with Find My Past, 2013, ISBN 178159037-1



The Association receives frequent requests from persons wishing to discover more about ancestors who served in The Leinster Regiment. With the approach of the centenary of Britain's entry into the Great War in August 1914, we have seen a sharp increase in such requests for information. Despite placing statements on the Association's website making it clear that the Association does not hold any records on individual soldiers, one eventually arrives at the conclusion that there is a collective unwillingness; by the general public to accept that fact, and that people are desperate for help!

Researching information about former soldiers has in the past been quite a specialist task, often involving frequent visits to The National Archives (TNA) in Kew, London; even then the inexperienced researcher can be faced with a bewildering number of routes to locate material housed within the Archives. It is thus not surprising that the general public turn to Associations such as ours for assistance. The Association of course wishes to encourage the collection of information about former soldiers so it is not in our interest to decline to receive or seek information – it is just that we receive far more requests than we can respond to. I was therefore intrigued to receive a press release in February for a new book written by well known military researcher Simon Fowler, claiming to be “The best guide for the family historian researching the First World War” Could this book be the answer that would reduce the number of requests for information about Leinster Regiment soldiers who served in the Great War? There was only one

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way to find out - to secure a copy.

For those of us who have spent many years in research there is a tried and tested route to starting out on the well trodden path of discovering what information is available about an officer or soldier. In the majority of cases the first step is to check the online Medal Index Card (MIC) database for the British War Medal and the Victory Medal; author J.M. Winter in *The Great War and the British People* asserts that over five and a quarter million men served in the British Forces during the First World War so there is a better-than-even chance that information will be discovered on an index card. There are caveats though, especially if the soldier in question did not “see action” but remained in service on the “Home Front”. The Home Front included the whole of the British Isles, so in the case of a Leinster Regiment soldier serving in a Special Reserve battalion, sometimes the tried and tested starting point does not work. Simon Fowler covers the information that can be gleaned from an MIC and explains the reasons why a soldier may be excluded from the MIC database.

Having covered the MIC, *Tracing your First World War Ancestors* goes on to explore other categories of soldier's or officer's service records, explaining the various types of record and where to find them. Often the search for information concerning a soldier or officer can be frustrating because it is a sad fact that records in many cases simply do not exist, either through external damage to the records or post war “weeding” by authorities desirous of recovering storage space; in both cases huge quantities of records were destroyed. It was reassuring therefore to discover that Chapter 5 of this eight-chapter book includes assistance and advice about the alternative sources that are available off the beaten track.

When attempting to determine events that a regiment or specific battalion was engaged in between 1914 and 1918 a valuable resource that it is essential to consult are the battalion war diaries. On balance the section that deals with war diaries is fairly comprehensive, explaining the often-misunderstood purpose of a war diary; and emphasizing that is extremely rare for a diary to record the name of an individual soldier, other

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than an officer undertaking a particular duty. War diaries do help build up a picture of events, though understandably are written in military jargon and often refer to map references on trench maps. Simon Fowler does include an explanation of what the type of information contained in war diaries and importantly where to locate missing maps. The correct interpretation of war diaries is critical if one is to understand where one's ancestor was and what he did during the Great War and *Tracing your First World War Ancestors* includes some useful worked examples of how to understand their content. Having despatched war diaries so well, Fowler might have followed with a section on using and interpreting trench maps; I was surprised to have to wait for this until after the section on photographic and film archives at the Imperial War Museum. Logically the bond between war diaries and trench maps is strong, so pushing trench maps to a location in the book after gallantry medals, courts martial, prisoners of war, pension records and personal papers and effects did not follow the tried and tested route I am personally used to – but this is perhaps balanced by the inclusion of discussions on the aforementioned sources, especially as worked examples are again included.

Many people engaged in tracing their ancestors become frustrated when they discover that information relating to the award of gallantry medals is not found in a war diary. “Why is such an important event as my grandfather's VC/ DSO/MC/DCM/MM not documented?” is a question we receive from time to time here at the Association. Simon Fowler does pick up on this important point and he advises on alternative sources of relevant information.

Tracing your First World War Ancestors does not deal solely with the Army and therefore increases its usefulness with the inclusion of short sections on the war at sea and in the air. I have not had occasion to research personnel in these branches of the armed services; I found the quality and presentation of information easy to read and am of the opinion that should I ever need to undertake such research these two sections would be my starting point. If your interest extends beyond ancestors who served in the armed forces then the penultimate section “Women and Civilians at War” will certainly be of interest. In my view

this section provides a very useful guide of “where to look” and readers really do benefit from Simon Fowler's prior employment as an archivist at the former Public Record Office (now TNA). The sections on “Women at War”, “Nursing” and “Voluntary Aid Detachments” may well prove to be of particular interest to those engaged in research of the activities of civilian volunteers on the Home Front.

The last section deals with the forces of the “Dominions”, those nations of the former British Empire whose manpower and other resources played such a vital part in the eventual allied victory. Many of the servicemen who enlisted in the Dominion forces were first generation emigrants and in this section Simon Fowler highlights a resource that was new to me; the embarkation rolls which record the departure and return of service personnel from Australia, New Zealand and Canada - particularly important when considering Irish emigrants to these countries.

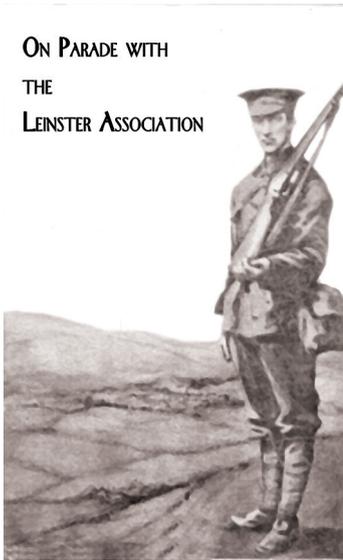
A feature of this book is that Fowler goes to some lengths to explain the strengths and weakness of individual online sources - something quite important if you are using a pay-as-you-go service rather than a full subscription. Examples of good sources of free online information are provided in almost every chapter and a classic example is to use the British Army medal index cards search engine, freely available on the website of TNA, to establish if a card exists. This online database has a more accurate and faster database search facility, a fact that many learn the hard way!

So will the publication of *Tracing your First World War Ancestors* ultimately reduce the number of enquiries that Regimental Associations receive from the general public? I would like to think so. The book seems to be written with the benefit of “insider” knowledge that even the most experienced researcher will find difficult to match. For example advice is offered on alternative sources for tracing Irish soldiers, particularly important with Fowler citing his insider knowledge that relatively few service records for men in Irish regiments have survived. Many of today's researchers and family historians often seek, and sometimes rely upon the readily accessible records available via the Internet; in *Tracing your First World War Ancestors* Simon Fowler provides glimpses of many sources that will be available online in 2014, so this book is unlikely to become outdated any time soon.

If you are seeking information on an ancestor who served during the Great War, then I have no hesitation in recommending the purchase of *Tracing your First World War Ancestors* as a guide to help you either get started or find other sources should you get stuck.

DD

ON PARADE WITH
THE
LEINSTER ASSOCIATION



From The Secretary

Hello to you all and I hope that this edition finds you in good health! The Association may seem to some to have been quiet so far this year, but much has been happening behind the scenes and all is about to change!

Some members will recall the early aspirations of the Association to have the former depot of the regiment in Crinkill commemorated in some way. After years of lobbying various authorities and organisations in Birr and Co. Offaly the Association has received the news that a grant has been approved to erect a memorial to the regiment this coming September! Personally I am delighted and I must thank all those involved with this achievement. The grant is not a hundred percent of the cost and the Association still has to raise a considerable sum of money to meet 'our share'; to secure that objective the Association's committee have confirmed the launch of an appeal to raise some £5,000 (€6,000) – so once more we come to you cap in hand requesting that all members who can afford to do so donate £15 (€20) to the memorial appeal fund, details of which are on page 17.

On the subject of appeals I would also like to put in a plea for the active recruiting of new members. – we do need more members, especially younger ones! The core membership has for some time been retired servicemen who had historical family connection with the regiment – more recently we have welcomed, especially from the Republic of Ireland, extended family members of former soldiers. If we are to have continued success in ensuring the remembrance of The Leinster Regiment, it becomes imperative that the knowledge and reason for remembrance is passed on to a younger generation – and a great way to do this is to encourage a younger generation to become members.

Throughout this year the 'back office' teams in Ireland and the UK have been working on a programme for what the Association should be doing in the future, especially with the centenary of the start of World War 1 just twelve months away. That caused me to reflect upon the Association's achievements over the last decade. Ten years ago on the 12 April 2003 the first members were gathered in a corner of the Wellington Public House in Waterloo. They will remember the excitement at the prospect of bringing back into memory a regiment that

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was long gone. First came the commemoration of Sergeant John O'Neill's VC award and the placement of a stone plaque at his grave; then came the award 'Freedom of Ledegem', a town in West Flanders where two memorials, one in St Pieter's Church, have been erected to the regiment. Each year our members take part in the Irish regiments' parade at the Cenotaph in June; in October the annual WW1 remembrance ceremony in Ledegem and each November the Royal British Legion Remembrance Sunday parade. We have undertaken successful 'battlefield' tours and participated in the Birr Vintage Week lectures programme.

I get a feeling of great pride when I look back at these achievements, especially as I was told many times "*To reform the regimental association of the Leinster Regiment would be very difficult and may never happen*".

Whilst I am in this reminiscing mode I want to take this opportunity to thank all members, especially those from the beginning, who have helped to make the Association what it is, one of the most active and respected associations in the Irish regimental family. Thanks also to my colleagues of the management committee for their hard work, not forgetting Mr. Vincent McGough, a past chairman, and Mr. Harry Hogan, past treasurer, for their support over the years. Important too were other regimental associations who supported our reforming, the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, London Branch and the Combined Irish Regiments Association; I must also remember those who are no longer with us for some of them gave me great support and advice and are dearly missed.

Now we 'kick off' the next ten years with the forthcoming unveiling of a memorial to the regiment in Ireland and one cannot help but wonder what destiny has lined up for us next? I look forward to the next decade that by the look of things will also be very successful.

I am sure the men of The Leinster Regiment, wherever they are, can rest in peace knowing that their memory has been well and truly brought back!

March on the Leinsters!

David

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The Colours of the 100th (Prince of Wales's Royal Canadian) Regiment of Foot

Nick Weekes

In 1858 the infantry arm of the British Army comprised the regiments of Foot Guards, The Rifle Brigade and ninety-nine numbered regiments of foot. Thus the new infantry regiment that was raised in Canada in that year to augment the British Army became the 100th Regiment of Foot.

A letter sent from Horse Guards (then the headquarters of the Commander-in-Chief of the British Army) to the Inspector of Regimental Colours at the College of Arms¹ on 15 April 1858 reveals that a decision had been taken by that time that the regiment's full designation would be the 100th (Prince of Wales's Royal Canadian) Regiment of Foot. The Inspector was requested to prepare drawings of the Colours for the new regiment and was told that 'the Prince of Wales's plume and the maple leaf should be introduced'.

Two relevant drawings are preserved within the Inspector's records. The drawing of the Queen's Colour² conforms to the standard specifications extant at the time, the numeral 'C' in gold being displayed beneath a crown in the centre of the Union Flag. The drawing of the Regimental Colour shows the Prince of Wales's plume and the numeral 'C' on a crimson background within a crimson cirlet that is edged with gold and bears the regimental designation in gold lettering. The central device is completed with the crown and the Union wreath (comprising roses, thistles and shamrocks) common to all regiments. This central device is placed on a blue flag with the Union in the first corner, blue

being the privilege of Royal regiments. A maple leaf in gold appears beneath the central device but a marginal annotation dated 29 April 1858 indicates that this badge should appear in the second, third and fourth corners.³ As the 100th was a new regiment, there were obviously no battle honours to be emblazoned on the Regimental Colour.

The records of the Inspector of Regimental Colours note that drawings of the new Colours were sent to Horse Guards on 6 May 1858 for the approval of Her Majesty The Queen. It seems likely that the drawing of the Regimental Colour that was sent to Horse Guards

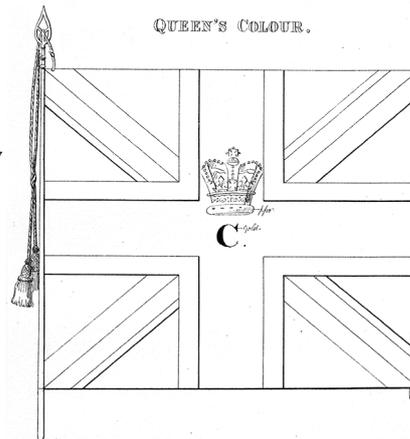
incorporated the adjustment to the positioning of the maple leaf badge.

The Colours were then manufactured and were presented to the regiment at Shorncliffe by His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales (then aged 17 and making his first public appearance)⁴ on 10 January 1859.

In 1875 the regiment was officially recognised as the successor to the previous 100th Regiment of Foot that had been raised in Ireland in 1804, stationed in Canada for thirteen years and finally disbanded in 1818. The new 100th Foot thus inherited its predecessor's only battle honour – 'Niagara' – which had been won in Canada during the 1812-14 war between Britain and the United States. This battle honour was accordingly emblazoned on the Regimental Colour beneath the central device.

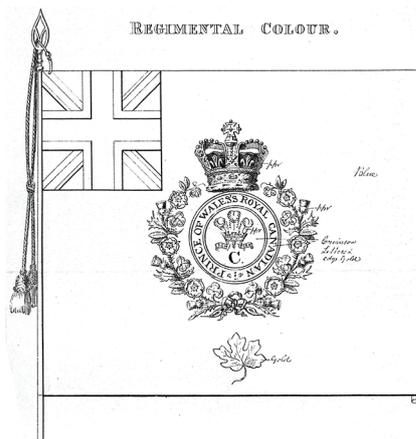
The Colours presented in 1859 remained in service with the 100th Foot – and from 1881 with the 1st Battalion of The Prince of Wales's Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians) – until 1887 when new Colours were presented. The 1859 Colours were then entrusted to the care of the Canadian Government and placed on display in the Library of Parliament in Ottawa.

The subsequent fate of the 1859 Colours is a mystery. Correspondence with the Canadian War Museum in 2009 revealed that a fragment of the central device



Drawing prepared by the Inspector of Regimental Colours in April 1858 to show the intended design of the Queen's Colour of the 100th Foot

Image courtesy Garter King of Arms



Drawing prepared by the Inspector of Regimental Colours in April 1858 to show the intended design of the Regimental Colour of the 100th Foot

Image courtesy Garter King of Arms

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of the Regimental Colour had been found on the shelves of the Library of Parliament in 1922 on the removal of some books. This double-sided fragment now forms part of the collections of the Canadian War Museum.⁵ The Museum holds no information concerning the final disposal of the Queen's Colour and the

The obverse of the surviving fragment of the central device of the Regimental Colour of the 100th Foot. The reverse is of identical design.

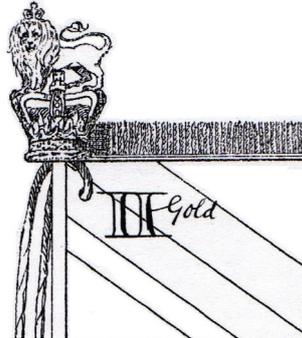
CWM 19700136-006

© Canadian War Museum



other components of the Regimental Colour; it may be that the condition of the two Colours deteriorated to the extent that they became unsuitable for public display.

A search of obvious sources has failed to find any imagery of the 1859 Colours – in service or while on display in the Library of Parliament – other than the 1858 drawings preserved in the records of the Inspector of Regimental Colours. It seems probable that the designs of the Colours that were presented on 10 January 1859 were slightly different from the designs depicted in the Inspector's drawings.



Detail from a drawing within the records of the Inspector of Regimental Colours showing the pike finial and fringing authorised for infantry Colours from 1858

Image courtesy Garter King of Arms

This is because the drawings reflected the specifications that were extant in April 1858 but the Colours that were subsequently manufactured and presented probably conformed to revised specifications for infantry Colours introduced later in 1858. The revised specifications reduced the dimensions of Colours from 6ft x 5ft 6in to 4ft x 3ft 6in and added fringes approximately 2in deep – twisted crimson silk and twisted gold wire on Queen's Colours and twisted blue silk and twisted gold wire on the Regimental Colours of Royal regiments. The traditional spear point finial of the pikes of both Colours was replaced with the Royal crest (a crown surmounted with a crowned lion) in gilt.

The probability that the 1859 Colours conformed to the revised specifications introduced in 1858 is reinforced by the existence of fragments of fringes within the collections of the National Army Museum that are purportedly from the 1859 Colours of the 100th Foot.⁶ The Royal United Service Institution gifted these fragments to the Museum in 1952 but the Museum holds no information on their original provenance. They could have been removed before the

Colours were sent to Canada following the 1887 presentation of new Colours or during the time that the Colours were in the care of the Canadian Government.

The Editor would be most interested in hearing from anyone who has traced imagery of the 1859 Colours (either in service or on display in Ottawa) or who can contribute information on the disappearance of the Colours from the Library of Parliament in Ottawa at some time between 1887 and 1922.

Endnotes:

- 1 The appointment of Inspector of Regimental Colours (held by an officer of the College of Arms) was instituted in 1806.
- 2 Army regulations over the period 1844-92 referred to this Colour as the Royal Colour.
- 3 The second, third and fourth corners were the customary positions for badges of this nature. From 1894 – by which time the Union had disappeared from the first corner – such badges were also positioned in the first corner.
- 4 His Royal Highness (who subsequently reigned as King Edward VII from 1901 to 1910) was not appointed Colonel-in-Chief of the 100th Foot. The involvement of the young Prince in the inauguration of the 100th Foot in 1858/59 may have been prompted by the fact that the previous incarnation of the 100th Foot (during and immediately after the Napoleonic wars) had been designated the 100th (Prince Regent's County of Dublin) Regiment of Foot. The Prince Regent was the Prince of Wales who subsequently reigned as King George IV from 1820 to 1830.
- 5 Artefact Number 19700136-006.
- 6 . Inventory Numbers 1952-04-36-1 (fragment of crimson/gold fringe 2in long) and 1952-04-36-2 (fragments of blue/gold fringe 3in and 4¼in long). All three fragments are 2in deep.

Editors Remarks.

This is the third of a series of articles prepared by Nick Weekes. You can read the associated articles in Volume 4, December 2010, and Volume 5, edition 1, 2011.

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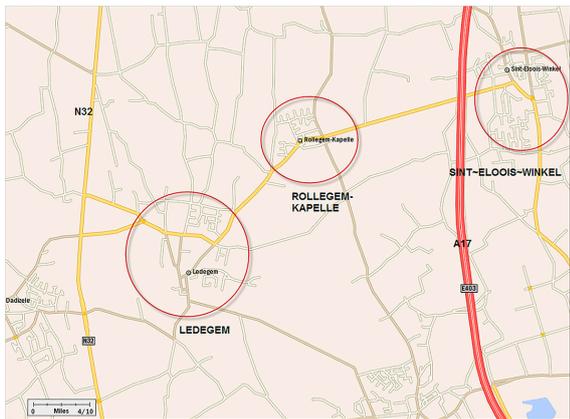
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From our correspondent in Ledegem

Nick Soen

Much is happening in Ledegem as our town approaches the centenaries of the period 1914-18. Perhaps of news for members of the Leinster Regiment Association is the development of a new group who will work to establish our own Remembrance 1914-1918 programme and that is comprised of representatives of the wider community of Ledegem. Ledegem



The wider community of Ledegem

today comprises the communities of Ledegem, Rollegem-Kapelle and Sint-Eloois-Winkle.

The team, some of whom you may know, are Mieke Alvoet – representing the tourist office; Bart Ryde – Ledegem alderman with responsibility for tourism; Filip Jacques – Chairman Heemkring Liedengehem (History Society of Ledegem); Hubert Vandromme – Heemkring Rollegem-Kapelle (History Society of Rollegem-Kapelle); Luc Tanghe – Heemkring Wynckel-Capelle (History Society of Sint-Eloois-Winkle); and three volunteers, Marc, Nick Soen and Katelijne Vandemaele. Note that the three history societies use the old original Flemish names for the communities. This group will bring together a series of remembrance events that will take place throughout our wider community.

During most of the period from 19 October

1914 the three communities were occupied by German forces and many of the buildings in Ledegem were appropriated for use by the German army. Discussions are now underway to develop a “Walking tour of Ledegem 1914-18” with a pre-recorded audio commentary that a person can carry. The audio tour will describe each building and how it was used during the occupation. Now in the time of reconciliation,



The logo for “Ledegem in WW1” project

we have also established contact with representatives of the descendants of some of those German soldiers and we anticipate being able to organise specific events to commemorate the lives of those who were buried in Ledegem and never returned to Germany.

Of particular interest for Leinster Regiment Association members will be the reconstruction of the The Leinster Regiment 2nd Battalion’s advance from Ypres to Ledegem in 1918.

In Sint-Eloois-Winkel, with the support of the Royal Newfoundland Regiment Association and local farmer André D’hondt-Ghekier, the intention is to create a memorial to Sergeant Thomas Ricketts V.C., 1st Bn, Royal Newfoundland Regiment, who, when a Private won his Victoria Cross on the 14 October 1918 during the advance on Sint-Eloois-Winkle – as Leinster Regiment Association members will see, this was the same day as Sergeant John O’Neil V.C. The Leinster Regiment won his V.C. in Ledegem.

It is hoped that the memorial to Ricketts could be unveiled sometime in 2014-15 and a dedication ceremony held on 14 October 2018 – one hundred years after the actual action.

Specifically with 2018 in mind, the team have invited our local schools to help develop an educational



One of the two design proposals for the memorial to Sergeant Thomas Ricketts VC

programme of the events of October 1918 leading to the liberation of Ledegem and Sint-Eloois-Winkle and we are energised with the prospect of working with both the Leinster Regiment Association and the Royal Newfoundland Regiment Association

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for the climax year of our four-year centenaries programme.

Of course each year we also will celebrate our now established anniversary of the liberation of Ledegem; this year the ceremony will be held on Sunday 13 October at the 40-10 memorial situated at the corner of Menenstraat and Rollegemstraat and we hope many of you will come along to join us. Of course you can expect a major ceremony in 2018 when we hope to be able to invite many civic dignitaries from Ireland, Canada and the UK as well as representatives from our own national and regional governments.

So what are our centenary plans for 2014? Our team will be meeting on the 18th September to finalise the dates of certain events, in particular the official "opening" of two bicycle and walking "Remembrance Pathways" – the anticipated time scale for this is the end of May or during the first weeks of June; as soon as detail is finalised we hope the confirmed dates will be published in English on the Leinster Regiment Association website and in Flemish language on the new website www.ledegem.be

Expanding our friendship

We are pleased to report that earlier this year the Mayor of Ledegem, Bart Dochy, and the Chairperson of Birr Town Council, Michael Loughnane, formally exchanged a commitment to develop friendship between our two towns. We are very proud to be moving forward with this initiative that was born from our close liaison since 2007 with the Leinster Regiment Association. In September 2013 a delegation from Ledegem will be present in Birr to participate in the "Birr, Ledegem, Leinster Regiment Association gathering" over the weekend of 21/22 September and to support the unveiling of a memorial in honour of The Leinster Regiment. We look forward to seeing you there!



Private George Frankis, 4554, 1st Battalion is buried in Rosières British Military Cemetery in France. Grave number 39. He died in 1915. My great-uncle had previously joined the Royal West Kent Regiment in 1914 at Deptford London. Family stories tell that he is thought to have gone absent without leave, maybe due to a "Beasting", then joined the Leinster Regiment somewhere in Southwark London. I would love to know more about my great uncles service with the Leinster's. I have recently returned from France where I visited his grave, unfortunately I do not have any photos of him to forward. I would also like to know about the battle that took place because I can't seem to pin down where the 1st Battalion was in France in 1915. Also I believe he is the only Leinster buried



there (Rosières) out of 60 graves. Any information would be of great help on my research of my Great uncle.

Kind Regards Anthony Turner. (via the Internet)

Anthony,

From the information that you provided an interrogation of the Commonwealth War Grave Commission website identified that Private Frankis died on the 3 October 1915. At that time the 1st Battalion being part of 27th Division took turns with the 1st Battalion Royal Irish Regiment to occupy an area of trenches, recently taken over from the French, near Cappy on the Somme. The Regimental History¹ documents little of this period other than the misery of life in rat infested trenches. There is no report in the Regimental History of any sustained attack from either side in the trenches held by the 1st Battalion The Leinster Regiment. A check on the burial list for the cemetery confirmed that Frankis is the only casualty from the Leinsters buried there and a check on the Leinster casualties for the period 1 October - 3 October 1915, using the Great War Database on the Association website, identified only one other Leinster soldier who was killed in action on 1 October in Fontaine. These two instances seem to be unrelated, Fontaine-sur-Somme being over 35 miles distant north-west of Rosières. This seems to be confirmed in that Cappy trenches were located in the vicinity of Bray-sur-Somme, just a few miles north of the final resting place of Private Frankis.

Using the British Trench Map for VAUX during September 1915 it is possible to identify the small village of Cappy and, that in 1915, Rosières was behind the German front line. This would seem to indicate that Private Frankis was reinterred at Rosières some time after his death. The cause of death for Private Frankis remains a mystery at this time. It may be that in the future when the Red Cross records are made available more information may come to light. The Red Cross hopes to have an archive online by 2014, the centenary of the Great War.

The History of The Prince of Wales's Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians) Ed. Lieutenant-Colonel F E Whitton, CMG, Part II The Great War and Disbandment of the Regiment, Gale & Polden.

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Commemorating the Centenaries

For anyone who has watched those great TV series about the Great War, it perhaps seems difficult to take onboard that we are fast approaching the one hundredth anniversary of the start of World War One. Here at *The 40-10* we have always been keen to offer a balance between the Victorian and Edwardian periods that impacted on The Leinster Regiment and the impact of the war years. We have also sometimes touched upon the years after the Great War and the eventual disbandment of The Leinster Regiment in 1922. For the next few years, all over Europe, the subject of remembrance will certainly be big news as nations, communities and families recall the events that took place in the years between 1914 and 1918.



Two hundred thousand men of Ireland served in the Great War and it has been estimated that between 35,000 and 50,000 Irishmen did not return (Richardson 2010). The Leinster Regiment lost 2,207 members during this period (CWGC database). Major events beyond the boundaries of the First World War also impacted on our ancestors at this time. The events that were unfolding in Ireland's progress towards independence obviously impacted on members of The Leinster Regiment and their families and eventually resulted in the disbandment of the regiment – along with four other Irish infantry regiments – in 1922.

Remembrance

Many post-war families in Ireland were unable to commemorate members who had died serving in the British armed forces in the way that was done by families in the UK. In the UK there is hardly a village, town or community that does not have some memorial to the servicemen who died during the two World Wars. Members who have travelled in France will also recognise a similar pattern of

Great War memorials. Other countries, however, have viewed remembrance in a different way, sometimes adopting an alternative approach to remembrance of a single simple, though no less sincere ceremony. The active support of remembrance is one of the primary objectives of the Leinster Regiment Association; we are especially proud of our liaison with Ledegem in West Flanders where the Association's Committee has collaborated tirelessly with the civic community to re-establish an annual commemoration for remembrance that includes Belgian casualties as well as those of the 2nd Battalion The Leinster Regiment.

Members who make the annual pilgrimage to Islandbridge in Dublin for the commemorative ceremony organised by the Royal British Legion (Republic of Ireland) will be aware of the huge contribution made by Major General The O'Morchoe in securing the inclusion of this act of remembrance in the official calendar. Nationally the ceremony is still considered low-key when compared to the ceremonies in the UK and France, but each year the attendance of the public grows as remembrance returns and gains social acceptance.

Over the years repeated visits to Birr by Committee members have made some headway. Thanks to the efforts led by members Sean Cooke and Ian Lowe together with Martina Needham of Birr Library, we have seen the Leinster Regiment Association become established in the programme of events of Birr Vintage Week. Regular readers will recall the vision held by past Chairman Vincent McGough to establish a memorial to the regiment in Crinkill, alongside the former barracks. As far back as 2008 the Association published on the website its first perspectives of what such a memorial could be. (See <http://www.leinster-regiment-association.org.uk/photogallery/birr/index.htm>).

Decade of Centenaries

Whilst this Association is primarily focused on remembrance of the service of The Leinster Regiment, events in Ireland leading up to, during and after the Great War must have had a great impact on those who served and their families. It was announced in December 2012 that a programme of commemorative events led by the Department of Arts, Heritage and the Gaeltacht (DAHG) and supported by the National Museum of Ireland had been recognised by the Taoiseach. According to John Kennedy (Principal Officer, DAHG), this National Programme of Commemorations is planned to cover the period 1912 – 1922. Kennedy went on to say that "Ireland is in a unique position having



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gained independence from Britain while all of the new nations in Eastern Europe were products of the Versailles Treaty. It is planned to strike a balance between the two programmes starting with John Redmond and The Home Rule Campaign.”

Members who wish to keep up to date with the Decade of Centenaries programme should visit the website www.decadeofcentenaries.com where a diary of events for 2013 is now published.

Table 1 reproduces the preliminary programme put forward by the Department of Arts, Heritage and the Gaeltacht

When	What	Where
August 2013	1913 Lockout	National Museum of Ireland at Collins Barracks
July 2014 - January 2015	The War of the Professionals July 1914 – Jan 1915	National Museum of Ireland at Collins Barracks
March 2015 – January 2016	The Irish Soldier in Gallipoli Mar 1915 – Jan 1916	National Museum of Ireland at Collins Barracks
August 2014	Commemorative trip to Folkestone – Ferry to France and a ceremony in Mons all on the same day.	Being organised by Imperial War Museum with support from DAHG
September 2014	John Redmond’s speech at Woodenbridge will be commemorated	DAHG
2015	Gallipoli.	DAHG
July 2016	Battle of the Somme commemorations and later commemorations at Ginchy and Guillemont.	DAHG
2017	Messines event.	Collaboration between DAHG, UK and Belgium

The Leinster Regiment Association remembrance programme

As the representative organisation for The Leinster Regiment, your Association shares information within the wider family of Regimental Associations with a view to consolidating commemorative events where possible. It is anticipated that by adopting this collaborative approach, there will be opportunities to take part in joint visits to specific commemorations. Our own plans for specific Leinster-focused events are reproduced in Table 2.

Table 2 The Leinster Regiment Association – Centenary Events 2013-2022

When	Commemorating	What
20/21 September 2013	The Leinster Regiment Depot, Birr, County Offaly	Unveiling of new memorial to The Leinster Regiment at the site of the former Barracks in Crinkill, Birr Civic event to establish cultural links between Birr and Ledegem – supported by The Leinster Regiment Association
13 October 2013	Liberation of Ledegem	Confirmed Annual Remembrance Event at the 40/10 memorial to the 2nd Battalion The Leinster Regiment (representative party only)
August 2014	Mobilisation and Deployment	Presentation – Lecture and Display of Documents – Birr and/or London
October 2014	First Action 1914 Prèmesques, France	Battlefield Tour Visit to Prèmesques and northern France – 18/19/20 October
October 2014	Liberation of Ledegem	Confirmed Annual Remembrance Event at the 40/10 memorial to the 2nd Battalion The Leinster Regiment (representative party only)
August 2015	Gallipoli 1915	Presentation – Lecture on Gallipoli Operations and Display – Birr and/or London

continued on next page

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Table 2 The Leinster Regiment Association – Centenary Events 2013-2022 /continued from page 15

Date	Commemorating Event	What
September-October 2015	Gallipoli 1915	Battlefield Tour Visit to Gallipoli (tentative) Joint collaborative venture
October 1915	Liberation of Ledegem	Confirmed Annual Remembrance Event at the 40/10 memorial to the 2nd Battalion The Leinster Regiment (representative party only)
August 2016	Ypres and the Somme 1914-1916	Presentation – Lecture and Display – Birr and/or London
September-October 2016	Ypres and the Somme 1914-1916	Battlefield Tour Visit to Ypres, the Ypres Salient and the Somme (including Guillemont and Ginchy) Note this is not the same event as the similar visit in Table 1
October 2016	Liberation of Ledegem	Confirmed Annual Remembrance Event at the 40/10 memorial to the 2nd Battalion The Leinster Regiment (representative party only)
August 2017	Palestine 1917	Presentation – Lecture on operations culminating in capture of Jerusalem (also possibly Macedonia 1915-17) – Birr and/or London
September-October 2017	Messines 1917	Battlefield Tour Visit to Messines and the Ypres Salient
October 2017	Liberation of Ledegem	Confirmed Annual Remembrance Event at the 40/10 memorial to the 2nd Battalion The Leinster Regiment (representative party only)
August 2018	France and Belgium 1918	Presentation – Lecture on operations through 1918 culminating in the 11 November 1918 Armistice – Birr and/or London
October 2018	Liberation of Ledegem	Confirmed Educational Presentation and Re-enactment of Liberation of Ledegem; Remembrance event
June 1922	Disbandment June 1922	Remembrance Event

The programme does not include our now fairly-firm plans to hold a Dinner or a Luncheon in London in June each year on the Saturday before the Annual Cenotaph Parade that is organised by the Combined Irish Regiments Association and is usually on the second Sunday in June.

Unless identified as confirmed, the visits to France, Belgium and Gallipoli should be regarded as tentative until the Association has clearer ideas of accommodation availability. The Association's Committee also considers that 'market forces' will lead to an increase in the costs of travel and accommodation throughout 2014-2018. Although we are accustomed to making group travel arrangements, we expect this to be more difficult than usual. Consequently the Association intends to ask participants to pay in advance when making a booking, because only by lodging payment in advance are we likely to be able to secure the necessary accommodation and travel arrangements.

We expect that news for all commemorations and presentations will be updated on an irregular basis as events clarify but that relatively fast-moving announcements to the Association will be received from other third parties. With this in

mind, the Association will endeavour to keep members informed through its own combination of announcements via the Association website and the release of updates e-mailed to members who have registered their e-mail address with the Association

Lastly, the Association understands that events are being planned by the following organisations.

- Connaught Rangers Association
- Western Front Association
- 18th Regiment of Foot – Royal Irish Regiment Association 1684 – 1922
- Royal Dublin Fusiliers Association
- Royal Munster Fusiliers Association
- Kerry County Museum

As and when these organisations share further details with the Association, we will distribute the information that we have using a combination of e-mail newsletter and the Association website; where possible we will endeavour to publish a summary in future editions of *The 40-10*. Members are encouraged, if they have not already done so, to register their e-mail address with the Membership Secretary.



An Appeal for the Depot Memorial Fund

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Artist impression for the Depot Memorial

The Depot of the Prince of Wales's Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians) - disbanded 1922, stood on ground in Crinkill, an area on the outskirts of Birr, Co. Offaly in the Republic of Ireland.

Together with the 3rd Battalion (Special Reserve), the Depot occupied the barracks from 1881 until 1922 when it was handed into the keeping of the (then) new Irish National Army.

Today all that remains of this once magnificent barracks is part of the perimeter wall and entrance gate.

With the generous financial support of the Offaly Local Development Company and assistance of Crinkle Tidy Villages & Development Association, a memorial to the regiment is scheduled to be unveiled outside the perimeter gate in September 2013. The Prince of Wales's Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians) Association has committed to meet a share of the cost of the memorial and to do this we need to raise £5,000 (€6,000) by appeal to members and the general public.

Please help us raise the funds for the memorial that will commemorate the home of the regiment by sending a donation to The Leinster Regiment Association.

If you can afford it we respectfully suggest a donation of £15 or €20 per member - more if you like, and if money is tight then any amount, no matter how small will be greatly appreciated. Please make your cheque payable to The Leinster Regiment Association and mark on the reverse Crinkill Barracks Memorial Appeal.

UK members may send donations to

**The Honorary Treasurer
The Leinster Regiment Association
42 Woodridge Avenue,
Marford,
Wrexham,
LL12 8SS**

Members in the Republic of Ireland may send donations to

**Mr. Stephen Keeley.
The Leinster Regiment Association,
Vartry Ridge
Ballymacahara,
Ashford,
Co. Wicklow
Republic of Ireland**

Thank you,

Peter Walton, Chairman.

**“HELP KEEP THE
MEMORY OF
THE LEINSTER
REGIMENT ALIVE!”**

**If you can afford it please
send us a donation today.**

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The muster in King Charles Street.



Left - Association lunch - the top table with Colonels David Maitland-Titterton and Peter Walton, Brig. Gen. Saunderson and Association President Maj. Gen. The O'Morchoe.

Association lunch - Piper Terry Goodman. (with Patrick Murphy looking on).



Brig. Gen. Saunderson (left) with Eddie Bryant carrying the Association Standard.

Ross Glennon and Maj. Gen. The O'Morchoe.



In discussion, on the right, Sonny Shaw.



Maj. Gen. The O'Morchoe, Brigadier Bellamy and Canon Tuckwell.



The muster in King Charles Street.



Colonel Peter Walton and Canon Tuckwell.

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Upper left, upper right and immediate left, scenes from the annual Cenotaph parade.



East meets west when a Saudi family asked for a photo.

Right Colonel Peter Walton, Brigadier Bellamy and Brig. Gen. Saunderson.



Mrs June Ball and son David.

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Important Announcements

Annual Subscription Increase

The new annual subscription rates, effective June 1st 2013 are as follows.

- For members resident within the UK the annual subscription is £20.
- For all other members the annual subscription rate is €25.

Members not resident in the UK or Europe should play in Sterling. Members are reminded that the annual subscription falls due on 1 January of each year. Members paying by Standing Order are requested to update their Standing Order Mandate before the 31 December 2013.

Contacts for subscriptions:

Members resident in Ireland are requested to send their remittance to Mrs. Mary Sanders, Membership Secretary for Ireland, Lakeview Lodge, Millknock, Tomhaggard, Co. Wexford

E-mail: sanders.mcguire@gmail.com

All other members are requested to send their remittance to The Membership Secretary, The Leinster Regiment Association, Fir Trees, 12 Fryer Close, Chesham, Bucks HP5 1RD

E-mail: membership,secretary@leinster-regiment-association.org.uk

Copy Date

Submission date for next edition of The 40-10 by 11 November 2013 please.

Editorial

Editor:

Don Dickson

Associate Editor:

Lieutenant Colonel Nick Weekes

Calendar of events

Ordinary Meeting, London	28 September 2013
Crinkill Barracks site, Co. Offaly	21 September 2013
Ledegem Memorial Service	13 October 2013
Field of Remembrance, Westminster Abbey	7 November 2013
Service at St. Patrick's Chapel, Westminster Cathedral	7 November 2103
Remembrance Sunday Parade, Whitehall, London	10 November 2013
RBL Remembrance Sunday Service, Christchurch, Dublin	10 November 2013
Christmas Social	December

Where to find out more?

Visit the Association's website at
www.leinster-regiment-association.org

To Contact the Association

Write to:

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7 Nethercombe House
Ruthin Road
Blackheath
London SE3 7SL

Contact the Editor

If you would like to write to the editor, submit an article or send a photograph for publication.

Fir Trees
12 Fryer Close
Chesham
Bucks HP5 1RD

or email editor@the40-10.org

President: Major General The O'Morchoe CB CBE

Officers of the Association

Chairman: Colonel Peter Walton
Honorary Secretary: David Ball
Honorary Treasurer: Ian Lowe



The 40-10

Journal of The Prince of Wales's Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians) Association